The Pittsburgh Gazette.

" PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 17, 1819. New Series, No. 134

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $3 per Annum.

George Schreiner,
Cutler,

AND SURGEON'S INSTRUMENT MAKER, RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches—Also

White and Lock-smithing, and BRAND CUTTING,

At the corner of Wood & Second streets.

August 10.

N. B. An apprentice wanted.

Notice to my Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE that I have applied to the honorable Judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny, for the benefit of the laws of this commonwealth, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Monday the sixth of September next, for the hearing of me and my creditors, at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper, and shew cause, if any you have, why I should not be discharged.

JOSEPH WASON.

Allegheny County Jail, August 9, 1819.

Notice to my Creditors.

TAKE notice, that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny, for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Monday the 6th day of September next, for the hearing of me and my creditors at the court house in the city of Pittsburg, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper and shew cause, if any you have why I should not be discharged.

SAMUEL ST. JOHN.

Allegheny county Jail, August 5, 1819.

We have on Hand,

800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE:

120 Reams Medium Tea-Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

Pittsburgh and Union Town Turnpike Road through Birmingham, Elizabethtown and Perrysopolis.

THOSE who are interested upon the subject of this road, are respectfully informed that the Commissioners will meet at noon on the 19th inst. in Elizabethtown, at the house of Col. Walker. Upon that occasion the Commissioners would be glad to be met by, and know the wishes of those that reside upon the route of the road, as to the expediency of opening subscription books at this time, or the adoption of any other measures upon this subject.

Wm. Wilkins,	George Steward,
Philip Gilland,	George Sutton,
Thos. Duncan,	James Brice,
Geo. A. Bayard,	Joseph Barnitz,
John Witherow,	John Lyon,
Thomas Irwin,	Henry W. Beason.

August 10.

A BAY MARE

WAS left with the subscriber by a gentleman some time ago—she is about 6 years old, shod before—said to be worth about 40 dollars. The owner is desired to come and take her away.

JOHN WAY.

Sewickly Bottom, Allegheny County, Aug. 3.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of the PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent—All those indebted to said firm will please make payment to Mark Stackhouse, who is authorised to settle the business—and those having claims against said firm, will please call on him for payment.

LUTHER STEPHENS,
GEO. EVANS,
MAHLON ROGERS.

Pittsburgh, July 22.

Starch Manufactory.

THE subscriber takes the liberty to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has established a STARCH MANUFACTORY, about two miles from this city, near the Turnpike Road, where he is enabled to manufacture Starch of a quality not inferior to any made in England or America—He likewise makes FIG BLUE and HAIR POWDER of a superior quality.

Orders addressed to THOMAS ORBINE, at the Factory or T. C. LEE, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

July 27.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the morning of the of July, an indented servant girl, named ANN TAYLOR. It is supposed she was taken away by her mother, who left this place on the same morning. As Ann is a very worthless girl, the above reward but no thanks will be given for her apprehension. All persons are forbid harbouring her.

MARY ROBINSON.

Pittsburgh, August 6

NEW COACHEE LINE.

D. H. Blaine & James Kinkead,

Have commenced running from Washington to Pittsburgh,

A NEW LINE OF COACHEES,
THREE TIMES A WEEK,

LEAVE D. H. Blaine's in Washington, Penn. on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at noon —arrive at Pittsburgh at 7 o'clock, P. M. same day.—Returning, leave J. B. Oliver's, Wood street, Pittsburgh, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at half past 4, A. M. arrive at Washington same days at 11.

The above arrangements will suit the present Mail line from Wheeling, Va. to the city of Washington and Baltimore—the whole route will be performed in four days from Pittsburgh to either of the last mentioned places.

The FARE in the Coachee will be regulated by that of the Mail line.

August 10

New-Jersey Navigation Lottery.

THE public are informed the *New Jersey Navigation Lottery* will commence drawing at Camden, opposite Philadelphia, on Thursday the 21st of October next, and will draw One Thousand Tickets each drawing day till completed.

It will be recollected that the numerous prizes in this Lottery are all payable without deduction, and although the prizes are payable sixty days after the conclusion of the drawing, should the fortunate holders desire it, they will receive a check on the Camden Bank the next day after they are drawn, on allowing the customary discount for prompt payment.

The Manager considers it a duty he owes a generous public, to inform them, that owing to the very rapid sale of Tickets in the above lottery, should any remain on hand on the first of August next they will be advanced to twelve dollars, and such paper only will be received in payment as will be taken at par in the Bank of Camden.

Josiah Harrison,
Manager.

Camden, July 21.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late GEORGE ROBINSON, esq deceased, are for the last time requested to call & settle their respective accounts, on or before the 20th inst. All accounts remaining unsettled at that date, will be put in suit without selection.

G. V. ROBINSON, }
W. E. ROBINSON, } Admrs.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 2.

Postponment.

THE sale of Waggons, late the property of the Pittsburgh and Transporting Company is postponed for a short time.—Public notice will be given of the day appointed for the sale—at which time it will positively take place.

Pittsburgh, August 6.

Allen & Grant

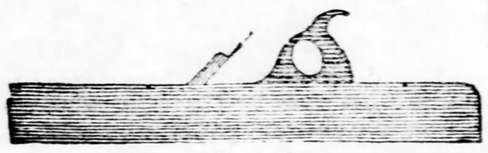
Will RENT from the first of January next, the NEW BRICK

Warehouse,

adjoining the one they occupy.

Pittsburgh, Decembe 11, 1818.

Swetman & Hughes,



Manufacturers,

Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they continue their Manufactory at the above stand, where from their strict attention to business and the excellence of the workmen employed, they are enabled to execute every thing in their line in the best manner.

Orders from any part of the western country, promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1819.

I WILL SELL,

the stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

ACRES of ground on the bank of the river, opposite Pittsburgh, and below Robinson's Ferry—Also a lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

To Let,

AN eligible stand for business, in Market street between Third and Fourth streets—for terms apply at the warehouse of

BOSLER & CO.

Who have for sale a few hundred pounds of mixed and common

WOOL.

Pittsburgh, August 6, 1819——3t.

THE GOOD INTENT INN,

Lately occupied by Mrs. Morrow, at the Sign of the Green Tree, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

Furnished for the accomodation of TRAVELLERS and others.

The subscriber, from his GOOD INTENT and the probity and attention of his servants, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1819.

☞ The Stage Office of the Juniata route is kept at the above Inn.

*** A good, dry CELLAR, 45 feet on Fourth street by 20 back, to rent—Enquire as above.

Book Binding.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the above business in all its variety, in Fifth, between Wood and Market streets, opposite to Mrs. McCullough's Tavern, where he is determined to execute every thing in his line, in a manner equal if not superior to any in the Western country. As the the subscriber calculates to make Pittsburgh his future place of residence he is determined to carry on his business in a way that will be advantageous to him and his customers. Country Book-sellers and others, will find it to their advantage, by sending the Books they want bound to the subscriber.

He hopes from his attention to business to share a part of public patronage.

ROBERT YOUNG.

April 13. tf

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrust me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

Bank of the United States.

JULY 14, 1819.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BANK OF THE UNITED STATES,

THAT in pursuance of the thirteenth article of the eleventh section of the Act of Incorporation, a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at their Banking House, in the city of Philapelphia, on Monday, the first day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JONATHAN SMITH,
CASHIER.

Extract from the said thirteenth article.

"Half yearly dividends shall be made of so much of the profits of the bank, as shall appear to the Directors advisable: and once in every three years, the Directors shall lay before the stockholders, at a general meeting for their information, an exact and particular statement of the debts which shall have remained unpaid after the expiration of the original credit, for a period of treble the term of that credit, and of the surplus of the profits, if any, after deducting losses and dividends.——c1ts.\

Monongahela Bridge.

Pittsburgh, July 26, 1819.

THE Building Committee of the Monongahela Bridge, invite PROPOSALS for erecting a Brick Building on the north abutment, intented as a Toll House and residence of the gatekeeper.

The Committee desire that the proposals may embrace all the various work necessary to complete the building. They will be received until the 20th of next month, by the President and Treasurer of the company.

At the office of the former, the plan and elevation may be seen.

By order of the Board.

JOHN THAW.

I. DOANE,

Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE
Ironmongery,

CUTLERY &c.—Among which are

Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

ALSO,

TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,

50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.

Commission Business,

Attended to as usual.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.---y

A few pounds of the genuine

Pipsissiway,

or PYROLA UMBELLATTA, so celebrated for the cure of CANCERS; collected by a medical gentleman, on the Brandywine, near Wilmington, Del. For Sale.

COFFEE.

Prime Green COFFEE,
IN BAGS,

FOR SALE, BY

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, April 30.

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of

WINANS & JANUARY,

as successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of said business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.

Castings—assorted,
Cut Nails—assorted sizes,
Wrought ditto ditto
Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos.
Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto
White Lead in Oil,
Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,
A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.——M116m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* has this day been dissolved bu mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T. January.
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819 M116m

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON,	Pittsburgh & Kentucky
Rolled ditto,	Manufac. Tobacco,
Nail and Deck Rods,	Spanish and country Sugars,
Crowley & Blister Steel,	Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,	Rosin soap and candles,
Spinning-wheel Irons,	Powder, Shot and Lead,
Trace and Log chains,	Earthen & Queensware,
Patent beams and Steel-yards,	Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,	Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,	Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Scythes and sickles,	Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,	Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,	Bed cords and Plough lines,
Carpenter's adze',	Rigging, fishing, chalk
Plough Irons,	lines, etc. etc.
Cow-bells,	
Castings, assorted,	

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,	Window glass,
Curry combs,	Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Washington and Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company, will be pleased to pay to the respective Treasurers, George Baird, esq. of Washington, and Moses Middleswarth of Allegheny county, ten dollars on each share of stock by them respectively held, in the following manner, viz. five dollars on the first day of August, and five dollars on the twenty fifth day of August next.

The Managers feel the pressure on the country in common with other subscribers, and regret that their contracts, but more particularly the delinquency of a number of stockholders in paying the installments heretofore required, render the present call necessary. These delinquents who have hitherto, in part or wholly neglected the pressing calls of the Board, are now assured, that suits in a short time will be commenced against them—after which five per cent per month will be demanded, and probably specie or par paper.

S. MURDOCH, Trea.

July 1819

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

Friends and Fellow Citizens.—

FOR the first time in my life I appear before you as a candidate for office, should you deem me capable and worthy of your confidence I solicit your suffrages at the ensuing election for the office of SHERIFF, for Allegheny county: pledging myself, should I be elected, to discharge the duties of the office with impartiality.

WM. B FOSTER.

Pitt township, August 13.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

FELLOW CITIZENS—As I have been placed before the public as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at our next election, with my full approbation, I now state publicly that I have determined to stand the poll, and do hereby solicit your votes. The necessary attention to my business through these times of difficulty, has hitherto prevented me from making that personal declaration to you, which has become so usual on such occasions; yet I trust that as my whole life has been passed in this county, and as I once had the honor of serving you in the Sheriff's Office, sufficient information as to my qualifications may be easily acquired. If the citizens of Allegheny county should favor me with their voice on the day of election, I shall remember with gratitude this mark of public confidence.

WM. M'CANDLESS.

July 16.

To the Electors of Allegeny county

AS I have been placed before the public as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at our next election, with my full approbation, and as hints have been given in some parts of the county, that I had given up the idea of standing a poll, I consider it a duty I owe myself to state thus publicly, that I have not declined. The duties of a very confining business have prevented me from making that personal declaration to my fellow citizens, which has become usual on these occasions, yet I trust, that as my whole life has been passed in this county, sufficient information as to my qualifications or unfitness for the office, may be easily acquired by any individual who may think fit to make the enquiry. If the citizens of Allegheny shall think proper to favor me with their voice on the day of election, I shall feel highly gratified, for more reasons than one; if another of the candidates be preferred to me, I shall acquiesce without a murmur, convinced that every member of our society ought to exercise independenly, the full right of suffrage.

Your humble serv't.

MORGAN NEVILLE.

Pittsburgh, July 6.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

FELLOW CITIZENS—My name has appeared amongst a number of others in the public prints of this place, as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the next election, and as I have been well assured that when I was spoken of at a political meeting lately held, it was publicly stated that I had declined standing a poll for that office, I think it right to mention that as I did not offer myself at first, neither did I ever say or hint to any person that I intended to decline. The compliment of having been mentioned by my fellow citizens in that way, is too flattering to be lightly treated—But as it is the privilege of every citizen to exercise his own judgement on the day of election, I should think solicitation would be rather offensive than pleasing, and will therefore only observe, that I feel grateful for being put in nomination, and shall be highly so if successful.

I am yours very respectfully,

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, July 23.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

Fellow Citizens.

NOTWITHSTANDING the repeated assertions of *some* that I had declined standing a pole altogether; and of *others* that I had suffered my name to be mentioned merely for the purpose of promoting the election of a favorite candidate; I now candidly and honestly assure you that I mean to be one of the *disinterested* twelve who have solicited your votes. In short it would be no small gratification to me to be your next sheriff. I, in the mean time, fully convinced that you will exercise your judgement on the occasion, remain whether successful or unsuccessful

Your Fellow Citizen,

WILLIAM LECKY.

Pittsburgh, July 16.

Notice.

WHEREAS the Governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, did by letters patent, dated July 3d, 1819, incorporate the subscribers for the stock of the Monongahela Navigation Company, into one body politic.—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

that an election of the said stockholders will be held on Monday the sixteenth of August next, at the house of Joseph T. Noble, in the borough of Brownsville, for the purpose of electing *one President, Ten Managers, a Treasurer and a Secretary*, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary to manage the business of the company.

Jacob Bowman,
George Dawson,
George Rempart,
Henry P. Pearson,
James Tomlinson,
Commissioners.

Brownsville, July 26.

Workmen Wanted.

TWO REFINERS, TWO HAMMERMEN and FOUR PUDLERS wanted at the *Union Rolling Works*, Pittsburgh. Also, FOUR APPRENTICES, 16 years of age. Apply to the subscriber at the works.

JOSHUA MALIN.

April 22, 1819. tf

Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 17, 1819.

We beg leave, once more to call the attention of our Councils to the necessity of separating the *meat* market from the vegetable, butter and country market in general. In a late tour through some of the richest portions of our county, we heard a universal complaint as to the unfairness of our arrangements on this subject; many of the richest and most respectable farmers. men. who, if they chose, could so completely fill the public demand as to bring every article to a reasonable price, declare they will never appear in our market until an alteration takes place—they prefer selling their articles to country merchants and monopolizers. They complain that they are exposed in the open street to all the inclemency of the weather, frequently being obliged to stand for hours with their bags of flour, &c. while a more favoured class of beings are comfortably protected within the market house. Something ought to be done to relieve us from the present imposition in prices. In the existing state of our finances, it would probably be impracticable to extend the market house round the court house; as there is, however, another market house ready built, there can be no possible objection to making it a meat market; we conceive it would neither be detrimental to the interests of the butchers, nor to the convenience of the citizens at large, and it would most undoubtedly have the effect of inducing one third more of our wealthy countrymen to attend our market. The effect of this would be obvious, and we hope the subject will occupy the early attention of our citizens.

The Anonymous.

No V.

Wo to the youth whom Fancy gains,
Winning from Reason's hand the reins,
Pity and wo for such a mind,
Is soft contemplative and kind;
And wo to those who train such youth,
And spare to press the rights of truth.

ROKEBY.

TEARS of disappointment must ever be the oblation poured forth at the shrine of truth by the children of fancy. The night does not more inevitably succeed the day, than the lowering of the clouds of disappointment over that mind basking in the sunshine of a too vivid imagination, lured by the syren voice of pleasure, fascinated by the bright, but fallacious smiles of hope. As the enthusiastic tourist who eagerly seeks some distant region, stimulated by the glowing, but exaggerated delineations of a fanciful precursor, not finding the elysium he had fondly anticipated, overwhelmed with disappointment, casts a listless gaze over scenes, that but for the deceptive promises of hope, would have riveted his attention and filled his mind with delight; so the gloomy heart and enthusiastic mind, luxuriating in a world of its own creating, touched by the wand of experience, shrinks from the convictions of truth, disappointed, sorrowful and paralized.

No duty, therefore, incumbent upon the guardians and instructors of youth, can be attended with more heartfelt pain, or require so nice a discretion as the necessity of dissipating the blissful illusions of inexperience, or curbing the felicitous anticipations of a fervid imagination, by casting aside the veil of deception & exposing the deceits, the follies and vicious propensities of that world, which they had hitherto viewed through the cheering medium of a pure heart and a sanguine mind, eager for the fruition of hope in the enjoyment of that unadulterated happiness it seemed to promise. To confine the current of an overflowing benevolence, by the admonitions of self preservation from the cravings of the selfish: to chill the warm effusions of an unbounded confidence by the cold dictates of precaution, and even a suspicious wariness against the secret machinations of envy and jealousy; or the open assaults of malice, the misrepresentation of detraction, or the misconceptions of ignorance and folly.—As the captive lulled into a temporary oblivion of his sorrows, dreams of untrammelled liberty in the full enjoyment of love and friendship, awakens from his blissful delusion, to a more agonizing conviction of the dissolution of despair: so the youth of an ardent, sensitive mind, when the enchanting veil of inexperience is withdrawn, and he is obliged to substitute the sad reality for the entrancing visions of present and prospective happiness, through which his imagination had delighted to rove, is overwhelmed by sensations that perhaps many have felt; but it is not in the power of eloquence itself to depict. It is then that the skilful cultivator of the youthful mind, may with a tender hand, prune the too luxuriant branches of fancy & sensibility of yielding a more rigorous sus[illegible] to the embryo fruits of reason and [illegible]titude, and thus secure a tree of the fairest promise; or, by a rude incision pierce it to the heart, leaving it to wither and die ere the blossoms of hope have expanded.

"So flourishes and fades majestic man,
Fair is the bud his vernal morn brings forth,
And fostering gales awhile the nursling fan,
O smile ye heavens serene; ye mildews wan,
Ye blighting whirlwinds, spare his balmy prime,
Nor lessen of his life the little span!

This is the momentous crisis when the advancement or prostration, the happiness or misery of the possessing ardent feelings and acute sensibility is decided. If it is his happy fortune to be immediately connected with those more experienced, and of assimilating feelings, who by undeviating kindnes and fidelity of friendship endeavours to atone for the unkindness and deceptions of the world, he may in time be reconciled, and satisfied to find that haven for the ardency of his affections, in the breasts of a few, that in the expansion of his own heart he had anticipated in many. But should it be his unhappy fate to find delusion and insensibility lurking in the hearts of those bound to him by the ties of consanguinity, or the professions of friendship, the fearful consequence may be a suspicion of all.

If with an ardency of feeling is combined an acute sensibility, a tenderness of soul, blasted in his hopes he retires with trembling nerves and a lacerated heart from the threshold of that theatre, on which nature had destined him by the bounteous endowments of genius and talent, to rise to the first distinctions, gazing with a painful indifference on the plodding progress of others towards that goal to which he might have bounded with rapid strides. But if pride, ambition and resentment rise paramount, and sustain his heart from sinking under the weight of disappointment and injury, the genial current of his soul impoisoned and chilled returns to its source: and that heart which would have expanded to receive and cherish the human race, may be narrowed and contracted to the sole promotion of self interest, and self aggrandizement.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

Pyroligneous Acid.—Extract of a letter from M. C. G. at Paris.

A discovery of the greatest importance engages at this moment the attention of the Physicians, the Chemist and the Government. A person of the name of Mange has discovered that the pyroligneous acid, obtained by the distillation of wood, has the property of preventing the decomposition and putrifaction of animal substances. It is sufficient to plunge meet for a few moments into this acid, even slightly empyreumatic, to preserve this meat as long as you may desire. Cotlets, kidneys, livers, rabbits, which were prepared as far back as the month of July last, are now fresh as if they had been just procured from the market. I have seen carcasses washed three weeks ago with pyroligneous acid, in which there is no sign of decomposition. Putrefaction not only stops, but it even retrogrades. Jake's exhaulting infection, cease to do so, as soon as you pour into them the purifying acid. You may judge how many important applications may be made of this process. Navigation, medicine, unwholesome manufactures, will derive incalculable advantages from it This explains why meat, merely dried in a stove, does not keep, while that which is smoked becomes unalterable. We have here an explanation of the theory of hams, of the beef of Hamburg, of smoked tongues, sausages, red herrings, o wood smoked to preserve it from worms, &c. &c.

ATTEMPT TO DEFRAUD.

A short time since insurance was effected at the Washington Insurance office in this city; on the store and goods belonging to *Pinkney & Battin*, of Mamakating, Sullivan county, in this state. A short time after, the store was discovered to be on fire, but by the great vigilance of the inhabitants of the place, the flames were extinguished before the building was consumed. On opening the trunks supposed to contain the dry goods insured, it was found they were filled with little or nothing but combustible articles. Pinkney was immediately arrested, and has confessed it was intended to defraud the office, on his affidavit, his partner and accomplice Battin, was arrested by our police magistrates, on Saturday, and both were committed for trial.

N. Y. Com. Adv.

MR. GUILLE'S ASCENSION.

Yesterday a novel scene was presented to us. For the first time in America an aeronautic ascension, so often attempted, was actually executed, and in a manner that gave universal satisfaction. We have often been surprised that the frequent exhibitions of this kind in Europe should draw forth so large crowds, and excite such acclamations as are always expressed by the spectators, but in seeing this our surprise has ceased. The scene was interesting beyond all expectation.

At an early hour in the afternoon every carriage was in requisition for the Gardens, and Broadway, the Bowery, and all the roads leading to that place were crowded. and at about half past 5, all the avenues became impassible. The lower part of the town was nearly depopulated. Every tree, fence and shed in the vicinity of the Garden was covered with spectators, anxiously waiting to see the Balloon ascend. To gratify those who were in the garden, the Balloon was partially inflated about 5 o'clock, and suspended about ten feet from the ground. At 5 minutes past 6 it was completely inflated and immediately rose about 40 feet, in which situation it was suffered to remain but a short time. At 18 minutes past 6, Mr. Guille advanced to the circle, and after making some little examination of the cords which connected the Parachute with the Balloon, he took leave of his wife, bowed gracefully to the spectators, and took his position in the Basket. In an instant the Balloon began to ascend. The Parachute was evidently lower on one side than the other, and much apprehenston was felt for the safety of the voyager. At the moment of ascending a gust of wind sprung up from the Northwest and drove the Balloon directly over the tall poplars in the garden so that the basket was forced upon them and carried off some of the small branches. On clearing the trees the finest scene was presented; the Balloon ascended with majesty and rapidity to a great heighth, the wind wafting it towards Long Island—the Balloon continuing in the mean time to ascend till it finally disappeared in the clouds.

Till about 9 o'clock in the evening much anxiety was manifested for the fate of the Æronaut, when it was ascertained that he reached the earth in safety, having landed at Bushwick, near Williamsburgh, Long Island, about 6 miles from Vauxhall Garden. He reached town about half past 8 o'clock, with his parachute, in perfect health and spirits,

The engagement of Mr. G. was honorably fulfilled, and we sincerely hope he may receive the remuneration he so eminently deserves.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

BOSTON, July 21.

SEA SERPENT AGAIN.

On Sunday forenoon last, the Sea Serpent was distinctly seen by several persons, on Scituate beach, for several hours together, within a small distance of the shore. As his course was parallel with the beach, by following him for several miles, they had a fair opportunity of observing his motions. He is represented as swimming so fast, that it was sometimes difficult to keep up with him, and sometimes so slow, that walking moderately, would enable them to keep pace with him. Once in a few minutes he would elevate his head in an erect position, and swim a considerable distance in this manner; and, that several times he threw his tail above the surface of the water, which was distinctly seen. His length was estimated at from 90 to 100 feet; and, to use the expression of a person who saw him, "he resembled hal barrels strung together in a row." Al parts of his body were alternately visible. What seems to corroborate the fact is, that several boats which were out on fishing excursions, mentioned it as soon as they landed, and before they knew that others had observed it from the shore.

Probably something further on the subject will be stated, giving a more particular description. As the persons were men of veracity, and would not willfully err, I have every reason to suppose what they saw, was in reality the Sea Serpent.

EXTRAORDINARY COW.

A more extraordinary instance of the fecundity of a cow, than the following, we believe there is not on record: She produced in July 1815, five calves; in May 1816, three do; in March 1817, three do; in May 1818, two do; and in April 1819, three do: making together 16 in the space of four years. The skin of the first five are preserved, the three last are living, and considered, by judges, to be very fine ones. This prolific animal was bred by Michael Williams, of old Shifford farm, near Brompton, in this county, and is now in his possession.

[*Oxford (Eng.) pap.*

GEOLOGY OF THE WEST.

Extract of a Letter from Caleb Atwater, Esq.

Circleville, Feb. 20, 1818.

DEAR SIR,—By looking over your two last papers, I perceive that you are republishing, from the *Journal of Science*, an essay of mine on the Prairies and Barrens of the West. Since writing that essay, I have collected some additional facts, which go to establish my speculations as to this country being formerly covered with the waters of the Upper Lakes; and that their outlets were through the Sciota, Miami, and Illinois rivers. On the rocks of Mackinaw Island, I am credibly informed, there are marks of the water of the Lake, in which that island is situated, having once been at least one hundred feet above its present level. All around the present shore of Lake Erie there are two distinct ridges, composed of exactly such pebbles as are now seen on the present shore of the Lake, founded by attrition in water. At Ridgeville, Cuyahoga county, Moses Eldred, Esq. writes me, that nine miles south of the present Lake shore, in digging a well at some considerable depth below the surface of the earth, cedars were found, and other things, evincing that the ridge, in which the well was sunk, was once the shore of Lake Erie. One gentleman informs me, that three hundred feet above the present surface of the Lake, petrified fishes, frogs, trees, &c. have been found in these ridges, presenting appearances similar to those found along the present shore.

Permit me to mention another fact, in confirmation of an opinion, as to Lake Erie and the Ohio being about on the same level., Eli Baldwin, Esq. has taken levels of the country between Lake Erie and the Ohio river, from the mouth of Grand river to the mouth of the Mahoning or Big Beaver, and, by actual measurement, the surface of the Ohio at that point is seventy feet higher than the surface of Lake Erie. The surface of the Lake has been ascertained to be 558 feet above tide water at Albany, which gives 628 feet for the height of the Ohio, at the mouth of Mahoning, above the surface of the ocean, and shows that the average descent of the Ohio and Mississippi is about four inches to a mile. It proves also that my conjectures as to the Ohio in a freshet at Portsmouth, and Lake Erie, being about on the same level, cannot be far from the truth. If the surface of Lake Erie were raised only 100 feet, it would now empty itself into the Ohio: that it has been much higher, I do not doubt.

Cincinnati Gaz.

Ludicrous effect of the appearance of Comet, in 1712.

In the year 1712, Mr. Whiston having calculated the return of a comet, which was to make its appearance on Wednesday the 14th of Oct. at 5 minutes after 5 in the morning, gave notice to the public accordingly, with this terrifying addition, that a total dissolution of the world by fire, was to take place on Friday following.—The reputation Mr. Whiston, had long maintained in England, both as a divine and a philosopher, left little or no doubt with the populace of the truth of his prediction. Several ludicrous events now took place.—A number of persons in and about London, seized all the barges and boats they could lay hands on in the Thames, very rationally concluding, that when the conflagration took place, there would be the most safety on the water. A gentleman who had neglected family prayer for better than five years, informed his wife, that it was his determination to resume that laudible practice the same evening. but she having engaged a ball at her house, persuaded her husband to put it off till they saw whether the comet appeared or not. The South-Sea stock immediately fell to 5 per cent, and the India to 11; and the captain of a Dutch ship threw all his powder into the river, that the ship might not be endangered.

The next morning however, the comet appeared, according to prediction, and before noon the belief was universal, that the day of judgment was at hand. About this time 123 clergymen were ferried over to Lambeth, it was said to petition that a short prayer might be penned and ordered, there being none in the church service on that occasion. Three maids of honor burnt their collections of novels and plays, and sent to the bookseller's to buy each of them a bible, and Bishop Taylor's Holy living and Dying.—The run upon the bank was so prodigious, that all hands were employed from morning till night in discounting notes, and handing out specie. On Thursday, considerably more than 7000 kept mistresses were legally married, in the face of several congregations. And to crown the whole farce, Sir Gilbert Heathcote, at that time head director of the bank, issued orders to all the fire offices in London, requiring them "to keep a good look out, and have a particular eye on the Bank of England."

(*Lon. pap.*

FROM THE SCOTS MAGAZINE.

[The following Song was translated from the German by a young officer in the Rocket Brigade, attached to the Swedish corps in the campaign of 1813.—He still remembers, with pleasure, hearing it sung by Claudina Blumenberg, the prettiest girl in Nordheim, to Mozart's beautiful air, "*Ahi questo hiago.*"]

O sweet flows the current by town and by tower,
The green sunny vale & the dark linden bower:
Thy waves, as they dimple, smile back on the plain,
And *Rhine!* dearest river, thou art German again.

The roses smell sweeter, the air is more free,
More lively the song of the bird on the tree:
The yoke of the mighty is broken in twain;
And *Rhine!* dearest river, thou art German again.

The land is at peace, & breaks forth into song;
Thy hills in their bosom the cadence prolong
Thy sons in their chaunting re-echo the strain—
Our *Rhine*, our own river, is German again!

Thy daughters, sweet river, thy daughters so fair,
With their eyes of soft azure, and bright sunny hair,
Repeat mid their dances, at eve on the plain—
Our *Rhine*, our own river, isGerman again!

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscriberss have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

April 9.

WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse, North-east corner of Market & Fifth streets,

PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong } TEAS *of first quality*
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.
Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon } WINES *of a superior quality*
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits
Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo2

Storage and Commission.

WE have rented our Warehouse and resign our business in this city to Messrs. *James W. Biddle* and *Alexander M'Nickle*, who will continue the receiving and storing of Goods, and doing all kinds of Commission Business, under the firm of *James W. Biddle & Co.*

ROBINSON, M'NICKLE & WILDS.

Pittsburgh, June 14th, 1819.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

Have for sale and intend keeping constantly on hand a large supply of

Roll'd, Bar Iron, & Castings;

WINDOW GLASS.

WRITING, WRAPPING, & LETTER PAPER.

Salt, and Tobacco:

and such other articles as this market affords.

JAMES W. BIDDLE & Co.

Pittsburgh, July 31, 1819.——2aw6w

For Rent

A house in Wood between Front and Second streets, consisting of a Store room completely finished—a large dry cellar and a convenient dwelling house for a small family attached.—Apply as above.

Joseph Armorer

Has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,

AND

GROCERIES.

which he is now selling on the most reasonable terms, at his store in the, Diamond. He at the same time tenders his sincere thanks for past favors and earnestly hopes for a continuance.

Pittsburgh. April 13.

N. B. *A good assortment of English & French THREAD LACE & EDGINGS,*

LEGHORN & STRAW BONNETS.

Black Lace Veils and Squares 6-4 & 7-4

DUPONT'S GUN-POWDER

THE subscribers having receiv'd a general assortment of Powder, manufactured by Messrs. E. J. Dupont, de Nemours & Co. so well known for its superior quality, viz.

OPg, Fg, FFg, FFFg,

Which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms.

—ALSO—

150 Kegs Nitre-Hall Powder.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. BOGGS & CO.

Pittsburgh, April 9, 1819.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl

Quantity of CHEESE.

Teas, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains, &c. &c.

July 16, 181.

The Subscriber

HAS LATELY RECEIVED A QUANTITY

OF

GERMAN WINE,

OF A GOOD QUALITY,

Which he can sell low, for CASH, either by the gallon or barrel.

THOMAS COOPER.

August 13.

TYPE—For Sale.

ONE FOUNT AMERICAN CANNON—No
ONE Ditto SEVEN LINES PICA—Do
ONE Ditto FIVE LINES PICA, Almost new
ONE Ditto DOUBLE ENGLISH—Ditto

Together with an elegant CUT of a HORSE, COMPOSING STICKS, &c. The above will be sold very low. Apply at the Office of the Gazette.

March 2, 1819.

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday, August 17, 1819.

We do not recollect ever to have witnessed such a continuation of oppressive hot weather, as we have had for the last three or four weeks; the average of the thermometer must have been considerably above ninety; the nights have been nearly as oppressive as the day.—As some compensation for this disagreeable weather, the neighbouring country has been visited by many fine showers, which, with the great heat, has tended in some measure to restore the corn, which a short time back promised to be worth nothing.

The ratification or non-ratification of the Spanish treaty, now opens a wide field for editorial speculation; writers begin to array themselves on the different sides of the question, and support their positions with the usual warmth and pertinacity on those occasions. For our part we can no more doubt the ultimate ratification, than we can the future rising or setting of the sun, according to the common laws of nature. That some delay should take place was to be expected from the embarrassed, wretched situation of the Spanish court; the banishment of D'Yrujo, the appointment of Onis, the detention of the Spanish fleet destined for *South America*, all incontestably prove the *confusion* which must reign at Madrid. Much effect must also be attributed to the interference of the English ministry whose object it plainly is to prevent the negociation if possible. But that any serious opposition can emanate from the Spanish government, we cannot suffer ourselves to presume for a moment, contemptuous as is our opinion of Ferdinand and his policy. The elevation of Onis himself to the ministry is a circumstance of good omen for the ratification; D'Yrujo his predecessor was the avowed enemy of the United States; he is disgraced. Onis is one of the ablest diplomatic characters that ever crossed the Atlantic; the treaty may be said to have been made by him; he has been a very long while resident in the United States, and is perfectly acquainted with American character and American resources; he is well aware that to keep the Floridas out of our possession longer than January, is a thing out of the question; he must be well convinced from recent specimens of American decision, that the great difficulty will be to limit American cupidity to this barren promontory of sand and swamps; and to keep them from annexing the fertile plains of *Texas to our Louisiana* possessions. By the treaty we have agreed to let his Catholic majesty off for the payment of 5,000,000 of dollars to our merchants; if the treaty were to be rejected 5,000,000 would not cover the honest claim for spoliations, and Mexico as well as Florida might be necessary to satisfy our demands. Onis well knows our ability as well as our wish to realize this speculation; it would be preposterous, therefore, under this impression to suppose that Spain can really have any idea of rejecting the treaty. The negociations may be postponed until winter; it will then be ratified if not before; indeed we should not be surprized if Spain should secretly solicit the President to use *ostensible* force for the purpose, in order to deceive Great Britain Ferdinand will find enough to do for many years to come in his South American provinces; foolish as he is, he will not waste time & money to preserve a possession of no possible use to him.

For the Gazette.

At this period of public distress when merchant and the poor, the high and the low, all feel the pressure of the times; when the murmur on the lips of every one is *money*, and when we see that which is still in circulation draining rapidly from our bed, to return no more, I deem it advisable to make a few remarks, that if my opinions are correct they may be confirmed, and if erroneous—corrected by the pen of some better writer.

The cause of our distress is plain to the senses of every one. It arises from the great balance of trade against the country, to the importation from all quarters of the globe of a greater amount than we can pay for in the produce of the soil: the difference must consequently be paid in specie.

It is for this we are sending waggons loaded with dollars over the mountains, and for this we are toiling day after day to satisfy the demands of eastern creditors. It is folly to ascribe the evil to the banks, they cannot do otherwise than they have done, we must view them as creditors to the country, and the neighboring community as indebted to them in a much larger amount. Their bills are in circulation, and when specie is demanded they must in turn call upon their debtors to extricate them from the difficulty. If this cannot be accomplished their own insolvency is the result. The evil complained of does not rest with them. If merchants have over-traded, if they have expended the sums they have borrowed in raising buildings, or in purchases from which they cannot realize in cash the original cost, let the blame rest on their own shoulders; they have borrowed with their eyes open, and let them be answerable for their own ruin. The crisis has not yet arrived, it is approaching with rapid strides, and unless something is done to avert the calamity, the western states must be involved in an irretrievable system of bankruptcy. Perhaps it is not hazarding too much to say that half of the western towns belong already to eastern creditors. The prosperity of our country hitherto, has been derived from enjoying the carrying trade of almost the whole world, and supplying the armies of Europe with provisions, while our ships whitened the bosom of the ocean in every direction, and returned laden with the wages of their industry to enrich the country. But these times are now past & we can no longer fatten on the miseries of the world. We rely upon our representatives of the approaching congress to devise some means to relieve the country from its embarrassments,—should they be still negligent—should they not encourage our manufactures, or take measures to prevent such excessive importations, it will be the duty of every patriot of every American, individually to assist in the work. Let, them form themselves into associations in the different towns particularly in the western country, resolving to wear nothing but domestic articles, and let their representatives be pledged to support the manufacturing interest of the country. Cloth of western manufacture of an excellent quality can be bought—and from my experience I declare it, as good as those obtained from abroad. This is a bold assertion, but it is nevertheless correct—and nothing but illiberal prejudice has prevented them from being in general use. Our western manufactures can better come in competition with foreign fabrications, because the latter are charged in our market with the additional expense of carriage, exchange and the shopkeepers profits.—Besides which we all derive a benefit from the money being retained among ourselves.—The manufacturer gives it for wool—and for labor. The farmer and workman pay it to the storekeeper, and from him it is distributed through many channels and promotes the convenience of thousands. The carpenter, the cabinet maker, the blacksmith, the shoemaker and every other mechanic amongst us, are all equally interested.

If congress should not impose duties or importations because the revenue would not be so productive, or the treasury so rich, added to the opposition of eastern importers, let us "put our shoulder to the wheel." The western country has always been conspicuous for its patriotism, and in our wars, the blood of its sons has been profusely shed. Let them now exert their energies in another manner—to avert a scourge more dreadful—individual ruin and general bankruptcy.

WOOD STREET.

We at length have the satisfaction to announce the safe arrival of the President of the United States in excellent health, who, accompanied by lieut. Monroe and Mr. Governeur his private Secretary, reached the executive mansion early yesterday morning, after an absence of upwards of nineteen weeks, on a southern and western tour.

The four Secretaries—of State, Treasury, Navy and War departments, are now at their respective posts, where, we presume, they will remain till something *definitive* is received from our minister at Madrid, on the subject of the Treaty lately submitted to the Spanish cabinet for ratification. In a month at farthest, it is presumed, this information may be obtained.

Our Executive, we have no doubt, is prepared for energetic measures, in the event of a refusal on the part of Spain.—This is not, however, reasonably anticipated, as the present delay seems sufficiently accounted for by the interruption of diplomatic affairs that has naturally taken place in the dismissal of *D'Frujo;* and, until his successor *Don Onis* arrives, it is improbable that the king will proceed to affix his hand to the Treaty, without the presence of his Prime Minister, who is so shortly expected. *W. C. Gaz.*

The delay on the part of the king of Spain to ratify the treaty lately concluded between his minister and the United States may be very reasonably accounted for, without supposing that the king is dissatisfied with any of its provisions, or that he entertains any intention to refuse to ratify it in due time. It is to be recollected that the term of six months from the date of the treaty, was reserved and allowed to the king of Spain to assent to its ratification, which term will not expire until the 24th of the present month. Immediately after the treaty was concluded here, Don Luis de Onis, the Spanish minister by whom it was negociated was recalled, or had permission to return to Spain; he departed from this country a few weeks after. arrived in England about the middle of June, and, probably reached Madrid about the first of August. There was no necessity for ratifying the treaty before his arrival in Madrid, as he was expected to be there before the time limited for its ratification—and most probably it was so arranged, that sufficient time should be allowed for him to communicate personally with the king, before the treaty should receive the royal sanction. *Balt. Fed Gaz.*

WASHINGTON, July 31.

Letters have been received in this city from Valparaiso, in the South Sea, down to the 10th of March; from a perusal of which, the following particulars are gathered.

The United States' Frigate *Macedonian*, Capt. *Downes*, arrived at Valparaiso on the 28th January, after a passage of eight days from Norfolk, and fifteen from Staten Land. She experienced uncommonly fine weather off Cape Horn; and, being becalmed close in with the Cape for several hours, the officers were astonished to find no current indeed, they did not find the ship to be the least affected by a current after passing Staten Land. Terra del Fuego was entirely covered with snow, as far as the eye could extend; but the Cape and small Islands had none upon them. After passing the straits of Magellan, with continued fine weather, the vessel experienced a gale of wind, of four days continuance, and much bad weather.

At the date of our letters, as the reader already knows from other sources, Lord Cochrane, commanding the Chilian Navy, consisting of the San Martin, of 60 guns, Lautaro, of 50, O-Higgins, of 50, a corvette of 22, and three large brigs, was out on a cruize. The Andromache (a British frigate) left at Lima two frigates and two brigs of war, and a Spanish merchant ship, with a million of dollars on board. It was expected every moment to hear of the result of Lord Cochrane's attack on the port of Calloa, (where, we have already heard, he was unsuccessful in his first attempt.) If he should be defeated, it was the opinion of the writers of these letters, that it would be the most unfortunate thing for Chili, as it would hardly be possible for that government to refit and provision the squadron for another cruize. If they made no prize money, and were not paid their wages, the crews would certainly leave the service: for, when they had last sailed, the men had not been paid for a former cruize, and left the port much dissatisfied. Indeed, the crew of the corvette mutined, and confined their officers, with a view to take the ship to Lima, where they said they should be paid for their services. However, after having possession of the ship for three days, she was retaken by the officers; three men were killed in the contest, five had been since shot without trial, and twenty-three remained to be tried. If the fleet should return, after all, without doing any thing, there was, judging from this incident, little hope of their getting to sea again. Lord Cochrane, it was believed, would do all that he could do with the means he had, and, if the wind favored him, it was supposed he might possibly take or destroy the shipping in Calloa. All his captains were English, and he had in the squadron about 250 English and Americans, the rest being natives of Chili. General San Martin and Lord Cochrane appeared to be bosom friends; but, some appear to think, have selfish, and not patriotic objects—desire to conquer Peru, not for the sake of freedom, but with a view of personal ambition, and aggrandizement. To accomplish his views, be they wicked or be they charitable, St. Martin drains Chili to the last dollar.—He is removing all the Chilian and American officers from the army, and putting in Buenos Ayreans and Englishmen. His enemies say he is a cruel tyrant, and that the people of that country generally fear, if they do not hate him. O'Higgins, the director, is said to be an amiable and good man, but under the influence, if not subject to the control, of St. Martin.

The Macedonian had been waiting, for some time, for Judge Prevost, who had, however, arrived. It was the intention of Capt. Downes to call at Lima, after his departure from Valparaiso. It was not known what construction would be given to Lord Cochrane's proclamation of blockade, of which we have had notice in regard to vessels of war. If it was to be extended to ships of war, as it was not the object of Capt. Downes unnecessarily to enter into any controversy with those people, he intended to delay his entry until the Andromache should have tried the force and validity of the blockade; the more especially as no particular business, besides that of general observation, required the Macedonian to visit Lima. The determination of Captain Downes, to avoid rather than court collision, shews a prudence worthy of the character this gallant officer bears in the service. *Nat. Int.*

TUSCALOOSA, (A. T.) July 1.

By a gentleman recently returned from the Tombeckbee, we are informed that General Jackson has written to Meshuleetubbe, head chief of one of the three grand divisions of the Choctaw nation, thro' the interpreter Peachland, requesting them to meet him at a time & place specified (when or where our informant did not learn) to hold a conference on the subject of the sale of that part of their nation to the United States. When our informant left there, Meshuleetubbe and Peachland were on a tour through the district, to consult the other chiefs. and head men on the subject; and the opinion was almost universal amongst the whites in the neighbourhood, that the District will be ceded to the U. States, either by sale or in exchange for lands on the Arkansaw; though not immediately.

We learn from another source, that a deputation from the Choctaw nation has visited the country on the Arkansaw, with a view to such an exchange, and have made a very favourable report both of the country and quantity of game. In consequence of which a great number of the Choctaws have expressed a willingness to exchange with the U. States on the same terms as those granted to the Cherokees. The District embraces the Military Crossing on the Beebee, where it has been determined the great federal road from Nashville to New-Orleans shall cross that river.

Mr. Meigs, agent for the Cherokee nation, has given public notice to the intruders on the Cherokee lands, that unless they move off the said lands by the first of July, he shall apply to General Jackson to remove them by military force. These intruders were ordered to leave the nation before the season of planting, and many did then remove; but many setting at defiance both laws & justice, swore they would not remove and proceeded to plant their crops—they therefore deserve the less commisseration.

The Niagara Patriot mentions, that the celebrated Mr. Gourlay, has been removed from the upper room to one of the cells in Niagara jail.

New Route.—Many of the merchants of Cincinnati, and of places farther west and north, now go to New York to make their purchases. Their route is by land to Cleaveland, in 5 days, thence by the steam boat to Buffalo in 24 hours, thence by land and the north river boats to New York in 5 days—making 11 days from Cincinnati to New York.

Valuable extract from a late celebrated English publication on horses.

DIRECTED TO BLACKSMITHS IN SHOEING

"Let nothing be cut from the sole, binder or frog, except the loose rotten scale. No opening of heels on any occasion—it infallibly causes in time the disease called hoof-bound. No shoes to be fitted on red hot. Shoes always to be made of the best, hard and well wrought iron; with, not a convex, but a flat and even surface next the ground, so that the horse may stand in a natural and easy position. No caulks for either heel or toe of fore or hind feet. The web of the shoe not so wide as usual, nor so thick or strong at the heel, and never to project beyond it, in order that the foot may stand perfectly level, and the frog be not prevented from freely touching ground. It is as absurd to pare down the frog, as is usually done, as it would be to pare away the thick skin which nature has spread over the human heel.—All the horses in England are now shod according to the above directions.

FLAXSEED OIL.

Forty Barrels For Sale

BY

Avery & Stevenson,

DRUGGISTS.

Pittsburgh, August 17.

Notice.

JOHN DORAN,

OF this city, Grocer, having made an assignment of his Books, Papers, etc. to Ormsby & Doane, Bond & Fiskerton, and Thomas Baird for their use. All persons indebted to the said John Doran, are hereby required to make payment to them, immediately—otherwise their accounts will be placed in the hands of proper officers for collection.

August 17.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN from the stable of Jacob Hays, at the Ferry on the Monongahela river, 6 miles above Pittsburgh, on the night of the 9th inst. a very handsome BLACK HORSE, 5 years old, about 15 hands and a half high, no marks recollected, but a white spot on the hind foot between the fetlock joint and the hoof.

Whoever will secure said thief and horse shall receive the above reward, or twenty dollars for the thief and ten dollars for the Horse.

The Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company.

August 17. 3

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to, or having claims against the estate of the late WILLIAM ROBINSON, of the firm of Robinson & Burgess, are requested to come forward and settle immediately.

JAMES ADAMS,
WM. HERDMAN, } Executors.

August 17.

BARLEY.

One Dollar per bushel

Will be given for good Merchantable BARLEY.

at the

Pittsburgh Point Brewery.

August 16, 1819. tf

Pay your Taxes!

I DO hereby notify all persons indebted for City, County and Poor Taxes, to pay the same on or before the 1st day of September next. This is a final notice.

WM. ARTHURS, Collector.

August 13.

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW-BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

At which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

Which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

VARNER, COLWELL & Co.

August 17. tf

One Dollar per bushel

WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

Merchantable Barley,

AT THE UNION BREWERY.

Brown & Scott.

Pittsburgh, August 16, 1819.

John Birmingham,

AGED sixteen years, an apprentice to the subscriber, ran away on the seventh inst.

I do hereby caution all persons against giving him credit on my account. I will prosecute, according to law, any person found harbouring or employing said apprentice.

G. DAWSON.

Pittsburgh, August 10, 1819.

The Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM STEUBENVILLE,

A handsome assortment of

EXTRA Superfine and Fine Blue, Black, and mixed

Broad Cloths,

Which they offer for sale by the piece at the Factory prices—for Cash only;

ALSO

COPPERAS.

Of the first quality, by the barrel & half barrel.

An assortment of

Cotton Yarn,

At the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices.

August 13. ——law8t

Charles Postley's Patent

COOKING STOVE

OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking, roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the Western country, is ready to execute with punctuality and despatch, all orders at his Manufactory, as above, where also may be had, Cast and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—OHIO, N. C. Findly, Zanesville; James Effinger, Lancaster; John M'Coy, Chilicothe. KENTUCKY, Samuel January, Sen. & Co. Maysville; J. & P. Dudley, Frankfort; J. B Bowles, Louisville; Luther Stephens & Co. Lexington. TENNESSEE, Joseph Litton, Nashville. INDIANA, James Cochran, Madison. LOUISIANA, James C. Wilkins, Natchez. MISSOURI TERRITORY, Messrs. Neal and Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819.

A Most Valuable Estate.

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

Turnpike Notice.

THE Stockholders in the Pittsburgh & New Alexandria Turnpike Road Company, are required to pay to the treasurer of the Company the second installment of two and an half dollars on each share subscribed for by them repectively, against the first day of September next.

Subscribers in Allegheny county will pay their installments to James Johnston, esq. who is authorised to give receipts for the same.

By order of the Board—

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, Treas'r.

Salem Cross Roads, July 23.

Jacob Bayley

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pttsburgh, May 4, 1819.

New-Jersey NAVIGATION LOTTERY,

By authority of the State of New-Jersey, passed February 1819.

To be drawn at CAMDEN, opposite the city of PHILADELPHIA.

SCHEME.

1	prize of 20,000 Dollars	is	20,000
2	10,000 Dollars	is	20,000
4	5,000 Dollars	is	20,000
5	3,000 Dollars	is	15,000
6	2,000 Dollars	is	12,000
25	1,000 Dollars	is	25,000
20	500 Dollars	is	10,000
40	200 Dollars	is	8,000
60	100 Dollars	is	6,000
220	20 Dollars	is	4,400
7960	10 Dollars	is	79,600

8343 Prizes. 16657 Blanks—Not two blanks to a prize.

FLOATING PRIZES.

1	Prize of 10,000 Dollars	is	10,000
2	5,000		10,000
2	3,000		6,000
3	2,000		6,000
15	1,000		15,000
15	500		75,00
40	200		8,000
60	100		6,000
220	20		4,400
7960	10		79,60

STATIONARY PRIZES.

The first drawn Blank on the

1st day	$3,000	14th day	$1,000
2d	500	15th	1,000
3d	500	16th	1,000
4th	500	17th	1,000
5th	500	18th	2,000
6th	500	19th	2,000
7th	1,000	20th	2,000
8th	1,000	21st	3,000
9th	1,000	22d	3,000
10th	1,000	23d	5,000
11th	1,000	24th	10,000
12th	1,000	25th	20,000
13th	5,000		

WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

To draw THREE times a week, and 1000 numbers each day. Prizes payable without deduction, Sixty days after the drawing is completed, at the Camden Bank.

25,000 Tickets at 10 Dols.

INTERNAL NAVIGATION, the object of the above scheme, must be allowed by all, to be of the highest importance to these United States and every good citizen must feel himself deeply interested on every intimation of undertakings, having Internal Improvement in view, being set on foot, and be desirous of aiding according to his abilities, towards the promotion thereof.

Under these impressions, the Commissioners in presenting the above Scheme to a generous public, feel a confidence of general and universal support and encouragement, but more particularly from their sister States, Pennsylvania, New-York, Delaware and Maryland; who, we may safely say, have never appealed in vain to their sister state of New-Jersey; but on the contrary, have been, and ever will be, generously supported by her, in the like and other improvements.

As to the Scheme, the commissioners have endeavoured to suit it to the circumstances of all The low price of tickets will preclude very few from an opportunity of securing an independence for life, or acquiring a very handsome remuneration for the trifle advanced.

The many rich prizes it contains, with the others, will all be paid without deduction at the Camden Bank, where the money received for the Tickets will be deposited immediately, for the sole use of the Lottery.

Although there are 25 Capital Stationary Prizes amounting to ☞ $67,500, one for each drawing day, yet there remain afloat as many large and valuable prizes, amounting to the sum of $152,500, as are generally to be met with in a whole Scheme, and the whole payable without any deduction therefrom. And for the accommodation of the fortunate adventurers in this Lottery, who may wish to receive their money immediately, a provision will be made at the said Bank for the payment of the prizes the VERY DAY they are drawn, on allowing the customary discount, as in Philadelphia or New-York.

The Lottery will be drawn in Camden, opposite the city of Philadelphia, and the Manager flatters himself that such encouragement will be given by a generous public as will enable him in the course of a very few weeks, to announce in the papers of the several states, the day the drawing will commence.

Contractors will be allowed a liberal discount.

JOSIAH HARRISON, Manager.

Lucius Q. C. Elmer,
Josiah Brick,
John Trenchard, Jr.
Elias P. Reely, Jr. Esq.

Commissioners appointed by the Legislature

Camden, N. J. May 26, 1819.

☞ The sale of Tickets in the foregoing scheme is expected to be unusually brisk—It will therefore be the interest of adventurers to make early application, as tickets will soon be raised in price, Whole Tickets, Ten Dollars—Half Tickets, Five Dollars—Quarter Tickets, Two Dollars and fifty cents. All letters addressed to me must be post paid, and shall be answered by return of mail.

MILES H. HUGHES,
No. 31, Church Alley

William Hill & Brothers

Will receive at par for Merchandize, Notes of the following Banks,

DAYTON,
Urbana,
Lebanon,
Cincinnati,
Zanesville Canal Co.
Cleaveland & Canton.

Also most of the Banks of

KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE AND INDIANA.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1819.——2awtf.

Blanks Printed Here.

George Miltenberger,

Bell & Brass Founder,

COPPER-SMITH,

TIN-PLATE & SHEET-IRON WORKER,

Front street, next door to the Post-Office,

Respectfully informs the public that he manufactures and keeps always on hand,

BELLS,

or Churches, Court-houses, Academy's Factory's, Taverns, etc.

Warranted equal to any in the United States—

STILLS,

Of all sizes—Wash, Hatters, Plank, Dye, Stew & Tea

Kettles;

Still-cocks, Rivets, Solder, Block Tin, Spelter Sheet Brass and Sheet Iron,

With a large and general assortment of

Tin Ware.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1819——tf

At a meeting of the board of Trustees of the Western University of Pennsylvania, it was

Resolved, That notice be given by the Managers in the newspapers published at Pittsburgh, Butler and Mercer to all persons indebted to the late Pittsburgh Academy to pay the sums respectively due by them on or before the first day of September next; and that suits shall immediately after that date be commenced against all delinquents, without respect to persons.

Adopted, 5th July, 1819.

WM. WILKINS, *Sec'y.*

Agreeably to the above resolution the undersigned Managers give notice to all persons residing in Butler and Mercer counties who are indebted to the late Pittsburgh Academy, to pay the debts due by them respectively to Mr. ABNER BARKER, and to those residing in Pittsburgh and its vicinity to pay to Mr. GEORGE POE, Jr.

ABNER BARKER,
PETER MOWRY,
GEORGE POE, JR.

Pittsburgh, July 27, 1819.

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additiona supply of

New Music and Musical *INSTRUMENTS.*

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment o FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

Wanted immediately, a person who is well acquainted with *Chair Painting* and *Ornamenting*, to whom good wages will be given.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

Augustus Henry Glaser, AND Hermann H. C. Cammann,

Have formed a connextion in the

Commission Business,

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER,
HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN,

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

American Boiler Iron,	Conemaugh Salt,
Nails, Scythes,	Teas,
Cutting Knives,	A few barrels Mackarel,
Window Glass, all sizes,	Blankets,
Porter Bottles,	Canton Crapes, &c.
Hollow Ware	

Regimental Orders.

THE Field Officers of the 61st Regt. P. M. will meet as a board of appeal, on Saturday the 28th day of August, inst. punctually at the hour of 12 o'clock, precisely, at the inn of Thos. Neel, on the Turnpike road—at which time and place, constables and others interested may attend.

JAMES LOGAN, Col. 61st Reg. P. M.

August 13,

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER

JUST RECEIVED, 250 KEGS CONSISTING OF

OP, FFg, FFr, FFFr FFFg.

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER For Sale, on low terms by

BOSLER, & CO.

November 18, 1818. tf.

M. P. Cassilly,

Market, between Third and Fourth streets,

IS OPENING

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

British, French, India and Domestic DRY GOODS,

Which he will sell cheap for Cash or at a short credit.

ALSO—GREEN COFFEE, by the bag.
BRANDY & WINES,
BENGAL INDIGO, by the keg.
FRESH RAISINS, by the box,

Kenhawa & Lake Salt,

BY THE BARREL.

Pittsburgh, June 25.

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,

Continue their

Book and Job PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch *BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.*

Mercantile Blanks;

SUCH AS

Cheeks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

Law Blanks.

Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases Declarations, Protests, &c.

Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.

ummons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

NOTICE.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between *RICHARD BOWEN, GEORGE BOWEN and TERENCE FARRELLY,* under the firm of Richard Bowen & Co. was dissolved on the first day of February last, by mutual consent. T. FARRELLY.

Pittsburgh, June 29.

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Baudry, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819

PATENT PLOUGHS

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR.

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

In a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

POWDER.

Purviance's Genuine Rough & *GLAZED*

POWDER.

FOR SALE BY

M'DERMOTT & BARTRAM.

Pittsburgh, June 4. 3m

Just Manufactured & For Sale, AT TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western unds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

To Hatters.

A QUANTITY OF FIRST QUALITY

Racoon Skins,

FOR SALE AT

David Logan's,

Corner of Ferry and Water streets.

A Cask of assorted Pewter Dishes and Plates—very low,

COTTON & SEINE TWINE—by the bale.

Pittsburgh, July 27

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and Brothers,

who offer for sale on accomodating terms at their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE

Pittsburgh January 1 1819.——tf

Crate Warehouse.

H. LANGLEY & Co.

In Third, near Market street,

Have received in addition to their former stock

20 Crates Queensware

which will be sold low for cash. They have also received direct from England

50 *CASKS & BUNDLES*

HARDWARE,

Comprising a general assortment—consisting, in part, of

50 dozen WALDRON'S Grass and Grain SCYTHES,
Copper and patent metal Tea-kettles,
Sauce-pans, Coffee-mills, and Frying-pans,
Spades, Shovels, Anvils and Vices,
Cross-cut, mill, hand, pannel and brass-back'd SAWS,
Locks, latches, hinges, screws and bolts,
Table, desert, pen & pocket knives & carvers,
Straw, drawing, saddlers and curriers knives,
Shoe and butcher knives, razors and scissors,
Chissels, plane-irons, braces and bitts,
Squares, rules and compasses,
Files, rasps, combs and brushes,
Adzes, hammers and steelyards,
Brass wire and chain, Pulleys and scale-beams
Gun and Rifle locks, shot-belts and flints,
Common and plated SADDLERY,
30 faggots Crowley M. Steel

IN STORE,

Wrought and cut Nails, Soal Leather,
Prime SHAD—caught this season.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

15 *grose Eagle and Broom CARDS.*

Pittsburgh, June 18. 1aw8t.

William Crawford,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended o.

Pittsburgh, April 30.——6m

Machine Cards.

The subscribers have lately received an assortment of

MACHINE CARDS,

(warranted of the best quality) from the manufactory of ISAAC SOUTHGATE, Leicester, Mass. which they are enabled to dispose of at the wholesale prices of the eastward, with the addition of carriage only.

BOSLER & Co.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1819. 1a3m

☞ The Cards are assorted so as to enable persons not desiring a full sett, to get any particular kind they may want.

Baudry's BRANDYWINE POWDER

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs-lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON,
President of the Association

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. 6t

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles	Plated Bridle Bits, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and crewets	Sawmill Irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Casinet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Clouts and Sparables,
Furniture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	Whiskey, rectified and common
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	Woffle Irons
Gun barrels assorted	Wire Work,
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	
Hammers	
Hats, an assortment	
Iron, bar and rolled	

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.

The Copartnership

HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers under the firm of SAMUEL EDGAR & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands will please present them, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to George Sutton, who is duly authorised to settle the concerns of the firm.

Samuel Edgar,
George Sutton.

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1819.

To the Electors of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS.

FROM solicitations of a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should you think me worthy of the trust, no exertions on my part shall be wanting to fill the office with fidelity, to the best of my abilities.

I am, gentlemen, your ob'dt. serv't.

JAMES CROSSAN.

March 12, 1819.

H. Bonnet and Rouand,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly receive large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-Lace,

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloths

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Cheniles,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most reasonable terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19.——